

7.7 Analyze the origins and impact of different sects within Islam, Sunnis and Shi'ites

- I. Muhammad's Death
 - A. Muhammad _____ in 632 CE
 - B. In his farewell speech, he warned the Muslim community against returning to pre-Islamic _____
 - C. However, he did not give _____ for who should succeed him as leader
- II. Caliphs
 - A. Muhammad's successors, called _____, were elected
 - B. They worked to _____ Islam through conquering new territories
 - C. The first 4 _____ were elected and were followed like _____
 - D. Ali
 1. Ali was Muhammad's cousin and _____
 2. He became the 4th caliph, but was _____
- III. Umayyad Caliphate
 - A. After the first 4 caliphs, the _____ Caliphate became the dominant force in Islam
 - B. The Umayyads moved the capital to _____ (modern Syria) and began to act more like European (_____) rulers
- IV. Hussein
 - A. There were some Muslims who believed the Umayyads were _____ Islam
 - B. One of those was Ali's son (Muhammad's grandson), _____
 - C. He _____ to pay allegiance to the Umayyad
 - D. At the Battle of Karbala, Hussein was _____
 - E. He is a _____ to the Shi'a Muslims
- V. Shi'a
 - A. The people who were _____ to Hussein believed that the caliph should be a descendent of _____
 - B. They are called _____ (Shi'ite): "Party of Ali"
 - C. Almost all of them live in Southeast _____ and _____
 - D. Karbala is a holy site to which they _____ today
- VI. Sunni
 - A. Those who remained loyal to the _____ are called _____ (means majority)
 - B. Sunni makeup over _____ of Muslims today